SCAT6TM



Sport Concussion Assessment Tool For Adolescents (13 years +) & Adults

What is the SCAT6?

The SCAT6 is a standardised tool for evaluating concussions designed for use by Health Care Professionals (HCPs). The SCAT6 cannot be performed correctly in less than 10-15 minutes. Except for the symptoms scale, the SCAT6 is intended to be used in the acute phase, ideally within 72 hours (3 days), and up to 7 days, following injury. If greater than 7 days post-injury, consider using the SCOAT6/Child SCOAT6.

The SCAT6 is used for evaluating athletes aged 13 years and older. For children aged 12 years or younger, please use the Child SCAT6.

If you are not an HCP, please use the Concussion Recognition Tool 6 (CRT6).

Preseason baseline testing with the SCAT6 can be helpful for interpreting post-injury test scores but is not required for that purpose. Detailed instructions for use of the SCAT6 are provided as a supplement. Please read through these instructions carefully before testing the athlete. Brief verbal instructions for each test are given in *blue italics*. The only equipment required for the examiner is athletic tape and a watch or timer.

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Recognise and Remove

A head impact by either a direct blow or indirect transmission of force to the head can be associated with serious and potentially fatal consequences. If there are significant concerns, which may include any of the Red Flags listed in Box 1, the athlete requires urgent medical attention, and if a qualified medical practitioner is not available for immediate assessment, then activation of emergency procedures and urgent transport to the nearest hospital or medical facility should be arranged.

Completion Guide

Orange: Optional part of assessment

Key Points

- Any athlete with suspected concussion should be REMOVED FROM PLAY, medically assessed, and monitored for injuryrelated signs and symptoms, including deterioration of their clinical condition.
- No athlete diagnosed with concussion should return to play on the day of injury.
- If an athlete is suspected of having a concussion and medical personnel are not immediately available, the athlete should be referred (or transported if needed) to a medical facility for assessment
- Athletes with suspected or diagnosed concussion should not take medications such as aspirin or other anti-inflammatories, sedatives or opiates, drink alcohol or use recreational drugs and should not drive a motor vehicle until cleared to do so by a medical professional.
- Concussion signs and symptoms may evolve over time; it is important to monitor the athlete for ongoing, worsening, or the development of additional concussion-related symptoms.
- The diagnosis of concussion is a clinical determination made by an HCP.
- The SCAT6 should NOT be used by itself to make, or exclude, the diagnosis of concussion. It is important to note that an athlete may have a concussion even if their SCAT6 assessment is within normal limits.

Remember

- The basic principles of first aid should be followed: assess danger at the scene, athlete responsiveness, airway, breathing, and circulation.
- Do not attempt to move an unconscious/unresponsive athlete (other than what is required for airway management) unless trained to do so.
- Assessment for a spinal and/or spinal cord injury is a critical part of the initial on-field evaluation. Do not attempt to assess the spine unless trained to do so.
- Do not remove a helmet or any other equipment unless trained to do so safely.

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SCAT6™

Developed by: The Concussion in Sport Group (CISG)

Supported by:

















SCAT6[™]

Sport Concussion Assessment Tool

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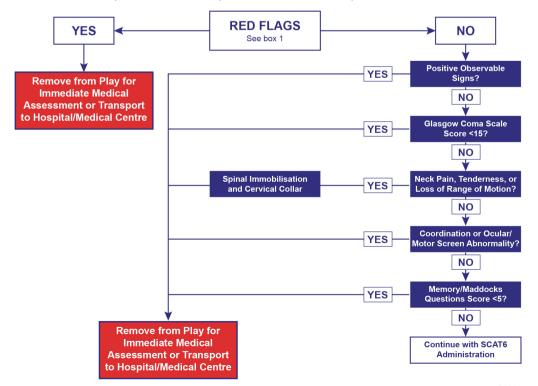
Athlete Name:		ID Number:
Date of Birth:	Date of Examination:	Date of Injury:
Time of Injury:	Sex: Male Female Prefer	Not To Say Other
Dominant Hand: Left Right	Ambidextrous Sport/Team/S	chool:
Current Year in School (if applicable): Years of Educ	cation Completed (Total):
First Language:	Preferred Lar	nguage:
Examiner:		
Concussion History		
How many diagnosed concussions l	nas the athlete had in the past?:	
When was the most recent concussi	on?:	
Primary Symptoms:		
How long was the recovery (time to	being cleared to play) from the most rece	nt concussion?: (Days)

Immediate Assessment/Neuro Screen (Not Required at Baseline)

The following elements should be used in the evaluation of all athletes who are suspected of having a concussion prior to proceeding to the cognitive assessment, and ideally should be completed "on-field" after the first aid/emergency care priorities are completed.

If any of the observable signs of concussion are noted after a direct or indirect blow to the head, the athlete should be immediately and safely removed from participation and evaluated by an HCP.

The Glasgow Coma Scale is important as a standard measure for all patients and can be repeated over time to monitor deterioration of consciousness. The Maddocks questions and cervical spine exam are also critical steps of the immediate assessment.



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Step 1: Observable Signs Observed on Video Witnessed Lying motionless on playing surface Falling unprotected to the surface Balance/gait difficulties, motor incoordination, ataxia: stumbling, slow/ laboured movements Disorientation or confusion, staring or limited responsiveness, or an inability N to respond appropriately to questions Blank or vacant look Facial injury after head trauma Impact seizure High-risk mechanism of injury (sportdependent)

Step 2: Glasgow Coma Sca	le										
Typically, GCS is assessed once. Additional scoring columns are provided for monitoring over time, if needed.											
Time of Assessment:											
Date of Assessment:											
Best Eye Response (E)											
No eye opening	1	1	1								
Eye opening to pain	2	2	2								
Eye opening to speech	3	3	3								
Eyes opening spontaneously	4	4	4								
Best Verbal Response (V)											
No verbal response	1	1	1								
Incomprehensible sounds	2	2	2								
Inappropriate words	3	3	3								
Confused	4	4	4								
Oriented	5	5	5								
Best Motor Response (V)											
No motor response	1	1	1								
Extension to pain	2	2	2								
Abnormal flexion to pain	3	3	3								
Flexion/withdrawal to pain	4	4	4								
Localized to pain	5	5	5								
Obeys commands	6	6	6								
Glasgow Coma Score (E + V + M)											

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Box 1: Red Flags

- Neck pain or tenderness
- Seizure or convulsion
- Double vision
- Loss of consciousness
- Weakness or tingling/burning in more than 1 arm or in the legs
- · Deteriorating conscious state
- Vomiting
- Severe or increasing headache
- Increasingly restless, agitated or combative
- GCS <15
- · Visible deformity of the skull

Step 3: Cervical Spine Assessment

In a patient who is not lucid or fully conscious, a cervical spine injury should be assumed and spinal precautions taken.

Y	N
Υ	N
Υ	N
Υ	N
	Y

Step 4: Coordination & Ocular/Motor Screen

Coordination: Is finger-to-nose normal for both hands with eyes open and closed?	Υ	N
Ocular/Motor: Without moving their head or neck, can the patient look side-to-side and up-and-down without double vision?	Υ	N
Are observed extraocular eye movements normal? If not, describe:	Υ	N

Step 5: Memory Assessment Maddocks Questions¹

Say "I am going to ask you a few questions, please listen carefully and give your best effort. First, tell me what happened?"

Modified Maddocks questions (Modified appropriately for each sport; 1 point for each correct answer)

What venue are we at today?	0	1
Which half is it now?	0	1
Who scored last in this match?	0	1
What team did you play last week/game?	0	1
Did your team win the last game?	0	1
Maddocks Score		/5

Note: Appropriate sport-specific questions may be substituted



Off-Field Assessment

Please note that the cognitive assessment should be done in a distraction-free environment with the athlete in a resting state **after** completion of the Immediate Assessment/Neuro Screen.

Step 1: Athlete Background													
Has the athlete ever been:													
Hospitalised for head injury? (If yes, describe below)	Υ	N	Diagnosed with attention deficit hyperactivity disorder (ADHD)?	Υ	N								
Diagnosed/treated for headache disorder or migraine?	Υ	N	Diagnosed with depression, anxiety, or other psychological disorder?	Υ	N								
Diagnosed with a learning disability/dyslexia?	Υ	N											
Notes:			Current medications? If yes, please list:										

Step 2: Symptom Evaluati	Step 2: Symptom Evaluation													
saseline: Suspected/Post-injury: Time elapsed since suspected injury: mins/hours/days														
The athlete will complete the symptom scale (below) after you provide instructions. Please note that the instructions are different for paseline versus suspected/post-injury evaluations.														
Baseline: Say "Please rate your symptoms below based on how you typically feel with "1" representing a very mild sympom and "6" representing a severe symptom."														
	Suspected/Post-injury: Say "Please rate your symptoms below based on how you feel now with "1" representing a very nild symptom and "6" representing a severe symptom."													
PLEASE HAND THE FORM TO THE ATHLETE														
Symptom Rating														
Headaches	0	1		3	_	5	6	Do your symptoms get worse with physical activity? Y N						
Pressure in head	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	Do your symptoms get worse with physical activity? Y N						
Neck pain	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	Do your symptoms get worse with mental activity? Y N						
Nausea or vomiting	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	If 100% is feeling perfectly normal, what percent of normal						
Dizziness	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	do you feel?						
Blurred vision	0	1	2	3	4	5	6							
Balance problems	0	1	2	3	4	5	6							
Sensitivity to light	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	If not 100%, why?						
Sensitivity to noise	0	1	2	3	4	5	6							
Feeling slowed down	0	1	2	3	4	5	6							
Feeling like "in a fog"	0	1	2	3	4	5	6							
"Don't feel right"	0	1	2	3	4	5	6							
Difficulty concentrating	0	1	2	3	4	5	6							
Difficulty remembering	0	1	2	3	4	5	6							
Fatigue or low energy	0	1	2	3	4	5	6							
Confusion	0	1	2	3	4	5	6							
Drowsiness	0	1	2	3	4	5	6							
More emotional	0	1	2	3	4	5	6							
Irritability	0	1	2	3	4	5	6							
Sadness	0	1	2	3	4	5	6							
Nervous or anxious	0	1	2	3	4	5	6							
Trouble falling asleep (if applicable)	0	1	2	3	4	5	6							
Р	PLEASE HAND THE FORM BACK TO THE EXAMINER													
Once the athlete has completed answering more detail about each symptom.	g all	sym	pto	m ite	ems	, it r	nay l	be useful for the clinician to revisit items that were endorsed positively to gather						
Total number of symptoms:					o	f 22	2	Symptom severity score: of 132						

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Sport Concussion Assessment Tool 6 - SCAT6™ Step 3: Cognitive Screening (Based on Standardized Assessment of Concussion; SAC)² Orientation What month is it? 0 What is the date today? 0 What is the day of the week? 0 What year is it? What time is it right now? (within 1 hour) Orientation Score of 5 **Immediate Memory** All 3 trials must be administered irrespective of the number correct on Trial 1. Administer at the rate of one word per second. Trial 1: Say "I am going to test your memory. I will read you a list of words and when I am done, repeat back as many words as you can remember, in any order." Trials 2 and 3: Say "I am going to repeat the same list. Repeat back as many words as you can remember in any order, even if you said the word before in a previous trial."

Word list used: A B	Alternate Lists									
List A	Tria	al 1	Trial		Tria	al 3	List B	List C		
Jacket	0	1	0	1	0	1	Finger	Baby		
Arrow	0	1	0	1	0	1	Penny	Monkey		
Pepper	0	1	0	1	0	1	Blanket	Perfume		
Cotton	0	1	0	1	0	1	Lemon	Sunset		
Movie	0	1	0	1	0	1	Insect	Iron		
Dollar	0	1	0	1	0	1	Candle	Elbow		
Honey	0	1	0	1	0	1	Paper	Apple		
Mirror	0	1	0	1	0	1	Sugar	Carpet		
Saddle	0	1	0	1	0	1	Sandwich	Saddle		
Anchor	0	1	0	1	0	1	Wagon	Bubble		
Trial Total										
Immediate Memory Score	Immediate Memory Score of 30 Time Last Trial Completed:									

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of 4

January

Step 3: Cognitive Screening (Continued)

Concentration

Digits Backward:

Administer at the rate of one digit per second reading DOWN the selected column. If a string is completed correctly, move on to the string with next higher number of digits; if the string is completed incorrectly, use the alternate string with the same number of digits; if this is failed again, end the test.

Say "I'm going to read a string of numbers and when I am done, you repeat them back to me in reverse order of how I read them to you. For example, if I say 7-1-9, you would say 9-1-7. So, if I said 9-6-8 you would say? (8-6-9)"

С Digit list used: List C List A List B 4-9-3 5-2-6 1-4-2 0 6-2-9 6-5-8 4-1-5 1-7-9-5 3-8-1-4 6-8-3-1 3-2-7-9 4-9-6-8 3-4-8-1 6-2-9-7-1 4-8-5-2-7 4-9-1-5-3 1-5-2-8-6 6-1-8-4-3 6-8-2-5-1 7-1-8-4-6-2 8-3-1-9-6-4 3-7-6-5-1-9 n 5-3-9-1-4-8 7-2-4-8-5-6 9-2-6-5-1-4 Ν

Months in Reverse Order:

Say "Now tell me the months of the year in reverse order as QUICKLY and as accurately as possible. Start with the last month and go backward. So, you'll say December, November... go ahead"

June

May

Digits Score

April

March February

Start stopwatch and CIRCLE each correct response:

December November October September August July

Time Taken to Complete (secs):

1 point if no errors and completion under 30 seconds

Months Score:

Concentration Score (Digits + Months)

of 5

Step 4: Coordination and Balance Examination

Modified Balance Error Scoring System (mBESS)³ testing

(see detailed administration instructions)

Foot Tested: Left Right (i.e. test the non-dominant foot)

Testing Surface (hard floor, field, etc.):

Footwear (shoes, barefoot, braces, tape etc.):

OPTIONAL (depending on clinical presentation and setting resources): For further assessment, the same 3 stances can be performed on a surface of medium density foam (e.g., approximately 50cm x 40cm x 6cm) with the same instructions and scoring.

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Step 4: Coordination and Balance Examination (Continued)

Modified BESS	(20 seconds each)	On Foam (Optional)					
Double Leg Stance:	of 10	Double Leg Stance:	of 10				
Tandem Stance:	of 10	Tandem Stance:	of 10				
Single Leg Stance:	of 10	Single Leg Stance:	of 10				
Total Errors:	of 30	Total Errors:	of 30				

Note: If the mBESS yields normal findings then proceed to the Tandem Gait/Dual Task Tandem Gait.

If the mBESS reveals abnormal findings or clinically significant difficulties, Tandem Gait is not necessary at this time.

Both the Tandem Gait and optional Dual Task component may be administered later in the office setting as needed (see SCOAT6).

Timed Tandem Gait

Place a 3-metre-long line on the floor/firm surface with athletic tape. The task should be timed. Please complete all 3 trials.

Say "Please walk heel-to-toe quickly to the end of the tape, turn around and come back as fast as you can without separating your feet or stepping off the line."

Single Task:

	Time to Complete Tandem Gait Walking (seconds)													
Trial 1	Trial 2	Trial 3	Average 3 Trials	Fastest Trial										

Dual Task Gait (Optional. Timed Tandem Gait must be completed first)

Place a 3-metre-long line on the floor/firm surface with athletic tape. The task should be timed.

Say "Now, while you are walking heel-to-toe, I will ask you to count backwards out loud by 7s. For example, if we started at 100, you would say 100, 93, 86, 79. Let's practise counting. Starting with 93, count backward by sevens until I say "stop"." Note that this practice only involves counting backwards.

Dual Task Practice: Circle correct responses; record number of subtraction counting errors.

Task									Errors	Time
Practice	93	86	79	72	65	58	51	44		

Say "Good. Now I will ask you to walk heel-to-toe and count backwards out loud at the same time. Are you ready? The number to start with is 88. Go!"

Dual Task Cognitive Performance: Circle correct responses; record number of subtraction counting errors.

Task														Errors	Time (circle fastest)
Trial 1	88	81	74	67	60	53	46	39	32	25	18	11	4		
Trial 2	90	83	76	69	62	55	48	41	34	27	20	13	6		
Trial 3	98	91	84	77	70	63	56	49	42	35	28	21	14		

Alternate double number starting integers may be used and recorded below.

Starting Integer: Errors: Time:

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Sport Concussion Assessme	ent Tool 6 - SCAT6	TM					
Step 4: Coordinat	ion and Bala	nce Examinat	ion (Continued)				
Were any single- or dua	l-task, timed tand	lem gait trials not	completed due to walking errors	s or other reasons?			
Yes No							
If yes, please explain why:							
Step 5: Delayed Recall The Delayed Recall should be performed after at least 5 minutes have elapsed since the end of the Immediate Memory section:							
Score 1 point for each of			utes have elapsed since the end of	or the immediate Memory Section:			
Say "Do you remember that list of words I read a few times earlier? Tell me as many words from the list as you can remember in any order."							
Time started:							
Word list used: A B C Alternate Lists				nte Lists			
List A		Score	List B	List C			
Jacket		0 1	Finger	Baby			
Arrow		0 1	Penny	Monkey			
Pepper		0 1	Blanket	Perfume			
Cotton		0 1	Lemon	Sunset			
Movie		0 1	Insect	Iron			
Dollar		0 1	Candle	Elbow			
Honey		0 1	Paper	Apple			
Mirror		0 1	Sugar	Carpet			
Saddle		0 1	Sandwich	Saddle			
Anchor		0 1	Wagon	Bubble			
Delayed Recall Score		of 10					
Total Cognitive Sc	ore						
Orientation:	of 5						
Immediate Memory:	of 30						
Concentration:	of 5						
Delayed Recall:	of 10						
Total:	of 50						
If the athlete was known to you prior to their injury, are they different from their usual self?							
Yes No Not applicable (If different, describe why In the clinical notes section)							

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Step 6: Decision						
Domain	Date:	Date:	Date:			
Neurological Exam (Acute Injury evaluation only)	Normal/Abnormal	Normal/Abnormal	Normal/Abnormal			
Symptom number (of 22)						
Symptom Severity (of 132)						
Orientation (of 5)						
Immediate Memory (of 30)						
Concentration (of 5)						
Delayed Recall (of 10)						
Cognitive Total Score (of 50)						
mBESS Total Errors (of 30)						
Tandem Gait fastest time						
Dual Task fastest time						
Disposition						
Concussion diagnosed?						
Yes No Deferred						
Harlib Care Burfaraianal Atta	-4-4					
Health Care Professional Atte	station					
I am an HCP and I have personally adm	inistered or supervised the	administration of this SCAT	T6.			
Name:						
Signature: Title/Speciality:						
Registration/License number (if applica	ble):		Date:			
Additional Clinical Notes						
Note: Scoring on the SCAT6 should not be u						

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